Project Title: Effect of additives on germanium chemical mechanical planarization slurries

Project I.D: DR2017004

Summary

The etch rate (ER) and the removal rate (RR) of germanium using potassium metaperiodate (KIO₄) as oxidizer in titania (anatase) based chemical mechanical planarization (CMP) slurries have been investigated. The solubility of KIO₄ is enhanced by addition of 0.1M KOH in the solution. In the dissolution study, ER of Ge was found to increase with pH from 3 to 11, initially ER with KIO₄ concentration increases and then gets levelled off. The dependency of Ge RR on KIO₄ concentration, pH of the slurry, turntable speed and down pressure were also studied. Polishing only with 1 wt% titania showed no significant removal. RR was observed when Ge coupon was polished with 1 wt% titania in presence of 1 wt% KIO₄ + 0.1M KOH. Higher RR of titania slurry, in the presence of 1 wt% KIO₄ + 0.1M KOH could be explained as due to the synergetic effect of chemical etching and abrasive polishing. In the presence of KIO₄ removal is due to oxidation of Ge to form GeO₂, with subsequent oxidation to form soluble species. It was observed that Ge removal rate follows non-Prestonian behaviour.

Project Outcome

A. Gupta, S. N. Victoria and R. Manivannan, "Chemo-Mechanical Planarization of Germanium Using Potassium Periodate based Titania Slurries," *ICPT 2017; International Conference on Planarization/CMP Technology*, Leuven, Belgium, 2017, pp. 1-6. (ISBN No. 978-3-8007-4462-6)

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